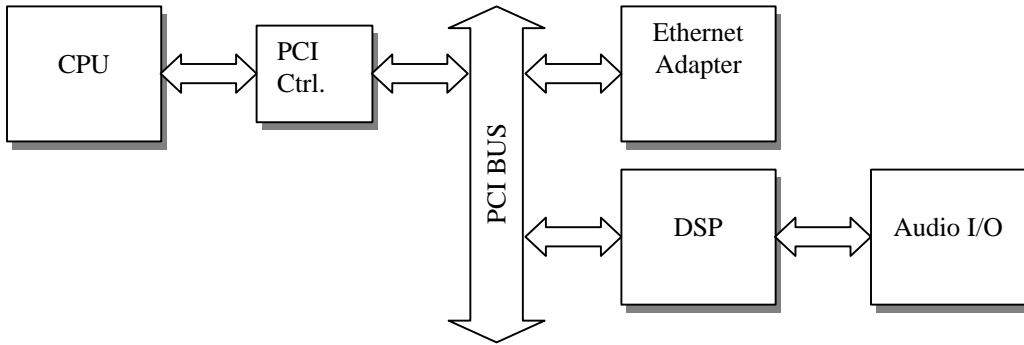
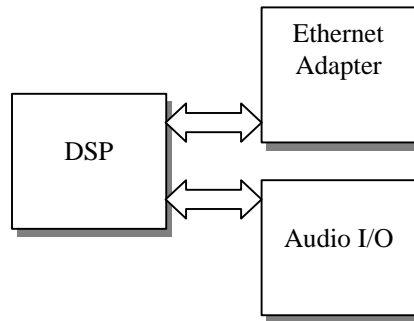


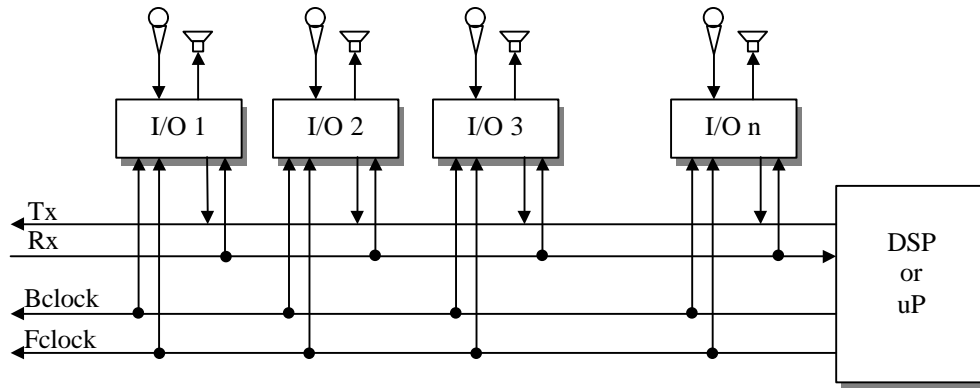
Topology of Typical Applications



Topology of an Embedded System for Audio Applications

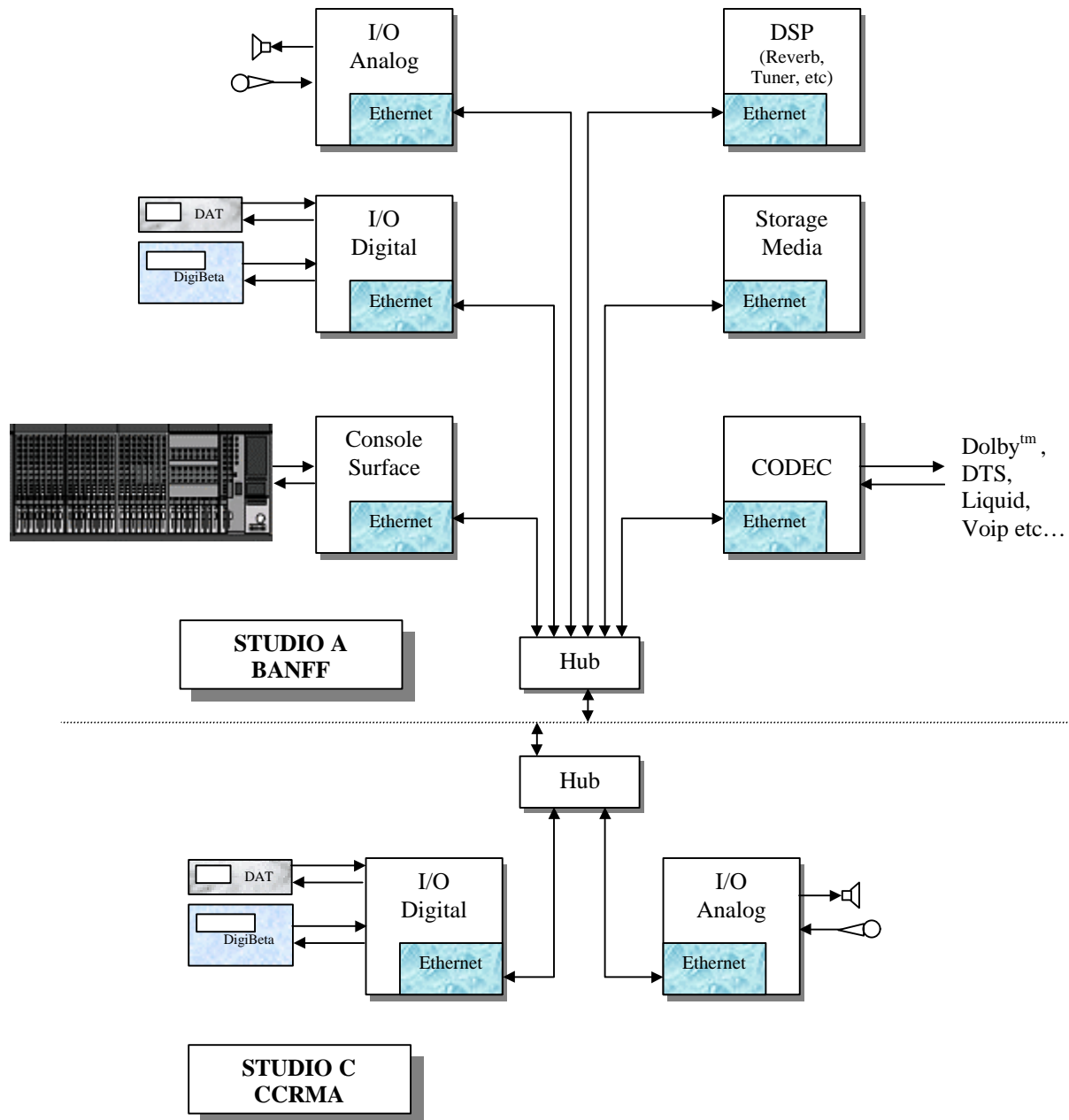


### Topology of a TDM (Time Division Multiplex) System for Audio Apps



- TDMs are **Synchronous**
- 4 Line Bus – Send, Receive, Bit Clock, and Frame Clock
- Each I/O device is assigned a SLOT ID
- Each I/O receives or transmits **ONLY** on its own slot. On the other slots that do not correspond with its own, each device keeps the Tx and Rx lines in High Impedance state.
- Scale up involves increase the bus frequency
- It is not recommended to extend the bus from its local nature, hence restricting the distance between devices. Electrical interfaces becomes extremely complicated and expensive when trying to increase the distance
- **Delivery is guaranteed.** Fault or non existence of a device does not affect the bus, but introduce noise and unpredictable effects if lines not properly terminated

## Topology of a Switched Packet Network System for Audio Apps



- As its name indicates, Switched Packet Systems are **Asynchronous**
- One single connection per device
- Each device has its own IP Address
- Highly scalable. Supports long hauls
- **Delivery is not guaranteed**, and it depends upon network traffic. Fault or non existence of a device is completely transparent to the system. (Unless you specifically require that particular device!)