Lab 5 - SVMs

Wednesday, July 16, 2008
12:46 PM

PURPOSE

Goal: By the end of this lab, you will understand the how to build and test with a SVM model.

Before diving in, here is some required reading. It provides an introduction to the libsvm tools, and motivations for why they were developed. It also highlights common mistakes.

A Practical Guide to Support Vector Classification
http://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/papers/guide/guide.pdf

SECTION 2: BUILDING AN SVM

FEATURE EXTRACT
You've done this a million times by now.
Since we need data that we can assign LABELS to, feature extract a collection of instrument samples (as many features as you want), using a constant frame size of say, 80 to 100 ms per audio file.

Some recommendations to start with:
Input "Test snares" and call them 1.
Input "Test kicks" and call them 0.

For variety, choose instruments based on samples in:
MIR 2008/audio/Miscellaneous Loops Samples and SFX/Instrument Samples

Or the ones located in the RWC Music Instrument database (**/scratch**) Note that only a few machines currently posses this large collection - please ask me if you would like a copy for your machine.

Don't forget to scale the feature data, save the scaling coefficients so we can scale the test data to be in the same range.

Class labels {1,-1} or {0,1}
Kernels (linear, polynomial, RBF, sigmoid)
Find best C and gamma (cross-validation)

EXPORT DATA
We are using an external program (a python script) to run a grid search and look for the best values of C and gamma. To export your data so that libSVM can read it, I've created a helper function.
mat2libSVMFormat.m

mat2libSVMFormat(data,label,filename)

For example:
mat2libSVMFormat(features,labels,'~/Matlab/libsvm-2.86/tools/myData.txt')

This file needs to be saved in the save directory as the libSVM tools
(grid.py etc) are located.

Open up the file to see the particular format that libSVM prefers - and also to verify that the data was written out correctly.

Now that the data has been exported from Matlab, open a Terminal window.

GRID SEARCH
In the Terminal, type:

> grid.py myData.txt

You'll see the following sample text output to the screen...
    [...]
    [local] 13 -13 61.9048 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 1 52.381 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 -11 61.9048 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 -5 57.1429 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 -15 57.1429 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 3 57.1429 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 -9 42.8571 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    [local] 13 -3 61.9048 (best c=512.0, g=0.001953125, rate=66.6667)
    512.0 0.001953125 66.6667

These numbers show the parameters as they were chosen during a grid search, with the corresponding cross-validation error rate for that particular model. So, in effect, the grid search has built dozens of SVM models with various parameter settings, and chosen the parameters that it believe have the best chance of success given your current training data.

The numbers at the bottom are what we are most interested in.
The first number (512) is C, and the second number (0.001953125) is gamma.
Note that the current cross-validation accuracy is 66.6667% (Since I had a small number of samples in this colleciton, there are many possible best choices which also have 66.7% accuracy)

See the README in libSVM\libsvm-2.85\libsvm-2.85\tools for additional information on the easy.py and grid.py scripts, if you are the curious sort and find yourself interested.

Write down the values of C and gamma --- we'll use these in Matlab to build out SVM model.

SECTION 3: USING AN SVM

To build an SVM:

Type **svmtrain** in Matlab to review all of the myriad of options for it. (If you cannot find svmtrain, then make sure to add the folder libsvm-mat-2.86 to your path)

An example of how to train it on your feature data using the parameters returned by the grid search:
>> model = svmtrain(labels,features,'-s 1 -t 2 -g 0.001953125 -c 512')

To test wit your SVM

Type svmpredict in Matlab to review all of the myriad of options for it

Feature extract some examples, and don't forget to **rescale** the data to the same mf and sf (scale

factors) as before.

Now, to evaluate, all you do is:

>>svmpredict(labels,features,model)

"Labels?", you ask. Yes, if you know the labels for your testing data, insert them into this vector. So, for example, you can insert the training labels and training feature data into this function, and svmpredict will automatically calculate the accuracy for you.

If you do not know the labels for your test data (likely the case), then insert a vector of zeros equal to the number of test samples that you have.

SECTION 4: HAVING FUN

Start classifying different audio samples, examples, etc.

And please leave before 6PM - seriously, it's a Friday!

Additional Resources
SVM Practical (How to get good results without cheating)
http://www.kyb.tuebingen.mpg.de/bs/people/weston/svmpractical/

Libsvm and Libsvm Tools
http://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvm/
http://www.csie.ntu.edu.tw/~cjlin/libsvmtools/

The interactive Matlab SVM Demo that I demonstrated on Day 5:
http://homepages.cae.wisc.edu/~ece539/matlab/
http://homepages.cae.wisc.edu/~ece539/matlab/svmdemo.m

HELP!
Troubleshooting
If you are experiencing really bizarre results, it's sometimes worthwhile to double-check that the labels are set correctly. ("1" for positive example and "0" for negative example.) Not indicating the correct label will gravely affect the model.

Also, try deleting the temporary output feature file. Sometimes, the file isn't updated by Matlab -- but it's a silent error...

OPTIONAL : How to Build libSVM from source code.
Hopefully, you do NOT need to do this step - I've done the work for you. But for the curious...
The following steps will build the libsvm executables from their source - this is necessary to run them on our Linux machines.

1. Download the folder libsvm to your local Matlab folder.
2. Within the libsvm folder, open the file Makefile with a text editor.
3. On the 2nd line, change /usr/local/matlab   to   /opt/matlabR2006b
4. Save the file.
5. Open a Terminal window and cd to the folder containing the Makefile

6. Type make