Aesthetics of Computer Music Software Design (part I)
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“the purpose of a computer is do something else.”
- Mark Weiser

The old computing is about what computers can do...
the new computing is about what people can do.
(Ben Shneiderman)

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“aesthetics”

mindset
"Supposing, for instance, that the fundamental relations of pitched sounds in the science of harmony and of musical composition were susceptible of such expression and adaptations, the engine might compose elaborate and scientific pieces of music of any degree of complexity or extent."

(Ada Lovelace, 1843)
Rise of MUSIC-N
• Max Mathews
• Unit Generator
• Patches
• Orchestra vs. Score

Early MUSIC-N
• MUSIC I to V (Mathews)
• MUSIC IV-B (Winham and Howe)
• MUSIC-10 (Chowning, Moore)
• MUSIC 11 (PDP-11)
• MUSIC 360 (Vercoe)
• Cmusic (F. Richard Moore)

Modern Environments
• Max/MSP (Puckett, Zicarelli)
  – graphical patching
• Nyquist (Dannenberg)
  – LisP, combines orc + sco
• SuperCollider (McCartney)
  – Smalltalk/C, client/server
• Csound (Vercoe et al.)
• Common Lisp Music (Schottstaedt)

Distro’s and Libraries
• CARL (Computer Audio Research Lab)
  – “UNIX for Music”, open-source
• Cmix (Lansky)
  – Flexible library for mixing audio, DSP, MINC
• Synthesis Toolkit (Cook and Scavone)
  – C++, Physical Modeling, Real-time
Languages for Music

- Formula (Anderson and Quivila)
  - Forth Music Language
  - Control signals
  - Warping time-mechanism
- Haskore (Hudak et al)
  - Modules in Haskell
  - For describing music (mostly western), not sound

Post-modern Environments

- (rise of homebrew software, live coding)
  - Proliferation of programming environments
    - Lower barriers of entry
    - End users => developers => end users
  - TOPLAP
    - Temporary organization for proliferation of live audio programming
  - JITLIB, Impromptu, feedback.pl, Fluxus...
    - Many more

ChucK

On-the-fly Programming

Audicle
Flexibility, readability trumps performance

Code == Musical instrument

=> syntax
- simple chuck: x => y;
- chain chuck: w => x => y => z;
- nested chuck: w => ( x => y ) => z;
- un-chuck: x <= y <= z;
- up-chuck: x ^= y ^= z;

Controlling Time

```cpp
Impulse i => dac;
// infinite time loop
while(true)
{
    // set the next sample
    1.0 => i.next;
    // advance time
    1.0 => now;
}
```
Chuck Timing Constructs

- **dur** is a native type
  - units: s, ms, second, minute, hour, day, week
  - arithmetic:
    - 1::second + 200::ms => dur quarter;
- **time** is a native type
  - now keyword holds current chuck time
  - arithmetic:
    - 5::second + now => time later;
    - while( now < later ) {... }

Advancing Time

- Chuck time stands still until you "advance" it
- two semantics for advancing time
  - chuck to now
    - 1::second => now;
  - wait on event
    - event => now;
- you are responsible for keeping up with time
- timing embedded in program flow
- time == sound

Concurrent Audio Programming

```
Impulse i => BiQuad f => dac;

// time loop
while( true ) {
  // impulse train
  1.0 => i.next;
  80::samp => now;
}
```

Concurrency

- implemented using "shreds"
- resemble non-preemptive threads
- automatically synchronized by time!
- possible to easily write truly parallel, sample-synchronous audio code
- can work at low and high level
  - fine granularity = power and control
  - arbitrary granularity = flexibility and efficiency
- a solution to the control-rate issue

Chuck Concurrency + Timing

- "strongly-timed"
- no loss of generality (any ugen any time)
- staying "in the language"
  - express more from within the language
  - greatly reduce need for externals
- provides natural modularity for on-the-fly programs

Chuck Virtual Machine
### ChuckK Virtual Machine

- **Code:** "foo.ck", "bar.ck"
- **Shred:** shred
- **Shreduler:** shred

### Audio Computation

- controlled by shreds
- computes audio outside of shreds
  - traverses the global UGen graph from well-known sinks, such as ‘dac’
- UGens and UAnae cache the latest computation

### On-the-fly Programming

*(coding while running with scissors)*

### on-the-fly programming:

*(n.)* the act of modifying the logic and structure of a program during runtime, for the purpose of rapid experimentation, and exerting expressive control. (also live coding)

### The League of Automatic Composers (1974)

### On-the-fly programmers (2004)
Power Tools Can Maim

- power to spork many, many, many shreds
- power to precisely synchronize shreds
- edit and re-spork
- query for status...

But, Oops...

- which shred is which?
- which version of the edited code did I save?
- who is using all the processor cycles?
- what is the relative timing of the shreds?
- who is clipping?

The Audicle
The Audicle

- visualization (audio, runtime stats, scheduling, etc.)
- insight into real-time, live programs
- different views of programs
  - syntax (code, objects)
  - concurrency (shreds)
  - time and timing (time, timing)
  - semantics (type, coming soon)
- different view of programming process
  - "Program monitoring as performance art" - Andrew Appel
- new way of thinking about real-time and live audio programming

Faces of the Audicle

- in this space anything goes.
- compiler-space
- vm-space
- shredded
- nothing goes.
- analyzer
- transform
- synthesizer
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