## MUS420 Lecture Commuted Synthesis of Strings

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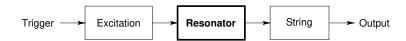
#### Outline

- Basic Idea
- Commuted Piano Synthesis
  - String Interface
  - Excitation Factoring
- Linear Commuted Violin Synthesis

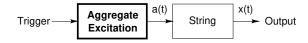
## **Commuted Synthesis of Strings**



Schematic diagram of a stringed musical instrument.



Equivalent diagram in the linear, time-invariant case.



Use of an aggregate excitation given by the convolution of original excitation with the resonator impulse response.



Possible components of a guitar resonator.

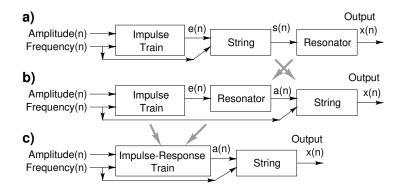
### **Features of Commuted Synthesis**

- Enormous resonators can be implemented inexpensively (three orders of magnitude less computation for typical stringed instruments)
- Good qualitative excitation signals are easy to measure (just tap on the bridge)
- Apparent "resonator size" can be modulated by changing the *playback rate* of the excitation table

#### **Drawbacks:**

• Requires linearity and time invariance

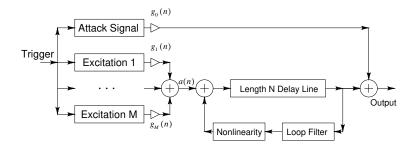
## **Linear Commuted Violin Synthesis**



- Assumes ideal Helmholtz motion
- Sound examples:

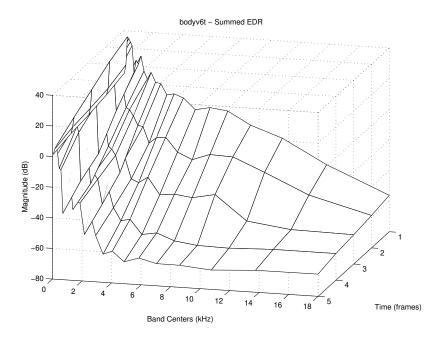
http://ccrma.stanford.edu/~jos/wav/vln-lin-cs.wav

#### **Multiple-Excitation Commuted Synthesis**



- For pianos, harpsichords, etc.,
  - Excitation point moves with key number
  - Wavetable interpolation can be used as in sampling synthesis
- For guitars, violins, cellos, etc.
  - Each string has a slightly different excitation point
  - Vertical and horizontal excitations different
- "Attack Signal" = sound going "around" the strings (or only once through the string)

# Energy Decay Relief (EDR) of a Violin Body Impulse Response



- Energy summed over frequency within each "critical band of hearing" (Bark band)
- Low-frequency modes "resolved"
- High-frequency modes merge together perceptually into a

## Filtered-Noise Excitation Synthesis

